

Order Number

Serial Number

PRODUCT/TEST MANUAL

2P47K4

PHASE FAIL RELAY

Issue Level	Date	Summary of changes
A	25/05/2000	Initial issue.

Due to RMS continuous product improvement policy this information is subject to change without notice.
This document is uncontrolled and subject to copyright.

Author	Checked & Registered	.pdf file created	Released
ERL	MW	MW	

1. DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION

The 2P47 is designed to provide an alarm if any of the incoming voltage supplies are lost or an under voltage condition exists. The relay will remain in the dropped out condition until the faulted phase returns to normal or the undervoltage condition is removed.

2. SPECIFICATIONS

Auxiliary Supply	110 volts AC 50 Hz
Undervoltage	80% of nominal (factory set)
Phase imbalance	5 to 15% \pm 2% of nominal voltage expressed as a phase to phase voltage difference as a percentage of nominal voltage when two phase to phase voltages are reduced equally with the third at nominal voltage.

The LED front panel indicators indicate total loss of phase only.

3. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Three Phase adjustable Supply Digital Multimeter

4. ASSOCIATED DRAWINGS

162-047-104	Wiring diagram
690-202-203	Circuit diagram, Phase PCB

5. HIGH VOLTAGE TESTING

- a) Apply 2KV 50Hz test for 1 minute between terminal Groups A and B.
- b) Apply three 5KV 1/50 impulses of each polarity between terminal Groups A and B.

Group A

All terminals
Inputs

Group B

Frame
Outputs

6. CALIBRATION & TEST PROCEDURE

- a) Connect the DVM between TP 6 and TP 1 with range set to 100 V.
- b) Apply 110 V 3 Phase to the 2P47 as per the connection label. The output relay should be picked up.

6. CALIBRATION & TEST PROCEDURE (Cont)

c) Adjust Balance trimpot (R3) for a minimum reading between TP6 & TP1

Checked

d) Connect the DVM between TP 5 and TP 1 with range set to 20 V. Decrease yellow phase so that the BLUE-YELLOW line voltage is 95 % of the normal line voltage. Adjust trimpot R8 while monitoring TP5. Set R8 so that TP5 gives a maximum reading.

Checked

e) Set the three phase supply to the nominal line voltage. Decrease all three phases slowly to 80 % (88 volts) of nominal voltage. Adjust trimpot R14 until the relay just drops out. Slowly Increase voltage until the relay picks up. The pick up voltage should be in the range of 85 to 93%. Return all phases to normal line voltage.

	Nominal	Actual
Drop out	88 volts	
Pick up	94 - 102 volts	

f) Set front panel potentiometer to 15 % (fully clockwise). Decrease yellow phase so that the BLUE-YELLOW line voltage 85% (93.5) of normal line voltage. Adjust R21 until the relay drops out. Increase voltage and check that the relay picks up at between 88 and 93% of normal line voltage.

	Nominal	Actual
Drop out	93.5 volts	
Pick up	96 - 102 volts	

g) Set front panel potentiometer to 5% (fully anti clockwise). Decrease yellow phase so that the BLUE-YELLOW line voltage is 95% (104.5)of the nominal line voltage. Adjust R23until the relay drops out at 95 % of line voltage. Pick up should be 95 to 98% of nominal line voltage.

	Nominal	Actual
Drop out	104.5 volts	
Pick up	105 - 108 volts	

7. GENERAL & FUNCTIONAL

Check that the relay is electrically sound and mechanically robust as per Standard Inspection & Test Schedule 903-000-026.

PASS

TESTED BY : _____ DATE : _____

8. CONNECTION DIAGRAM

